

編號：（由承辦單位填寫）

類別：

國中組

國小組

《臺北市 111 學年度國中小學英語課採全英語教學教案徵選計畫》

作品名稱：    New Year Traditions Around the World    

校名 (可跨校)	臺北市濱江實 驗國民中學			
姓名	<u>陳珍心</u>			

《臺北市 111 學年度國中小學英語課採全英語教學教案徵選計畫》  
教學活動設計

領域／科目	英語文領域	設計者	陳珍心
實施年級	7 年級	總節數	3
單元名稱	New Year Traditions Around the World		
<b>設計依據</b>			
核心 素養 (或 基本 能 力)	總綱 (核心素養 具體內涵)	英-J-C3 具備基本的世界觀，能以簡易英語介紹國內外主要節慶習俗及風土民情，並加以比較、尊重、接納。	
	領域 (主題、 項目、條目)	<p>語文能力(聽)：</p> <p>1-V-3 能聽懂常用句型的句子。</p> <p>語文能力(說)：</p> <p>2-V-3 能依主題或情境以英語簡短描述事件或回答問題。</p> <p>語文能力(讀)：</p> <p>3-V-4 能看懂常見的生活用語。</p> <p>3-V-5 能看懂常見的句型。</p> <p>語文能力(讀)：</p> <p>4-V-2 能依主題或情境寫出正確達意的句子。</p> <p>學習方法與策略：</p> <p>7-V-1 能把握並主動尋找溝通或表達意見的機會。</p> <p>文化理解：</p> <p>8-V-1 能以簡易英語文介紹國內外主要的節慶習俗及風土民情。</p> <p>8-V-2 能了解國內外文化的異同。</p> <p>8-V-3 能了解並尊重不同的文化與風土民情。</p>	
議題 融入	主題	多元文化教育	
	內涵	認識文化的豐富與多樣性；養成尊重差異與追求實質平等的跨文化素養；維護多元文化價值。	
與其他領域／ 科目的連結	無		
教材來源	南一 Book 2 Lesson 3 Twinkl_New Year Celebrations Around the World		
教學設備／資源	電腦、投影機、PPT		

## 設計理念 (請簡述教案設計的整體想法及規劃)

這個課程旨在通過介紹世界各地的新年傳統，讓學生們了解不同文化之間的差異和多樣性。透過學習不同國家和地區的新年慶祝方式，學生將能夠培養跨文化的尊重和理解，並加深對全球文化的認識。

## 學習目標

- 一、了解世界各地的新年傳統和慶祝方式。
- 二、培養跨文化尊重和理解的能力。
- 三、提升學生的跨文化溝通和研究能力。

## 學習架構

第一節課：新年傳統的意義和背景 The Meaning and Background of New Year Traditions

第二節課：世界各地的新年慶祝方式 New Year Celebrations Around the World

第三節課：世界各地新年節慶上台發表 New Year Traditions Around the World: Student Presentations

## 學習活動設計

學習活動內容及實施方式	時間	學習評量
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>第一節</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>The Meaning and Background of New Year Traditions</b></p> <p><b>1. Warm-up:</b></p> <p><b>A. Introducing the meaning and importance of the New Year:</b></p> <p>(1). Explain the significance of the New Year as a significant holiday marking the end of one year and the beginning of another.</p> <p>(2). Discuss the meaning of the New Year for individuals, such as new hopes, goal-setting, and motivation for change.</p> <p><b>2. Presentation &amp; Practice:</b></p> <p><b>A. Exploring the origins and backgrounds of the New Year in different cultures:</b></p> <p>(1). Research the origins and traditions of the New Year in different cultures.</p> <p>(2). Compare the importance and different ways of celebrating the New Year in various cultures.</p> <p><b>B. Sharing famous New Year traditions and celebrations around the world:</b></p> <p>(1). Provide examples of renowned New Year celebrations and traditions worldwide, such as Chinese Spring Festival and New Year's Countdown and Fireworks in the United States.</p> <p>(2). Introduce examples of other countries' food-based</p>	<p>10 mins</p> <p>25 mins</p>	<p>上台報告分享</p>

<p>celebrations.</p> <p><b>C. Group Discussion:</b></p> <p>(1). Divide students into groups and facilitate discussions about their understanding and personal experiences of the New Year.</p> <p>(2). Encourage students to share their own cultural and family traditions and listen to stories from other classmates.</p> <p><b>3. Wrap-up:</b></p> <p><b>A. Review today’s lesson:</b> the meaning and background of New Year traditions:</p> <p>(1). What is the significance of the New Year in different cultures?</p> <p>(2). How does the New Year mark the transition from one year to another?</p> <p>(3). What are some common themes or symbols associated with New Year celebrations around the world?</p> <p>(4). How do people prepare for New Year celebrations in their respective cultures?</p> <p>(5). What role do rituals and customs play in New Year celebrations?</p>	<p>10 mins</p>	
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>第二節</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>New Year Celebrations around the World</b></p> <p><b>1. Warm-up:</b></p> <p><b>A. Vocabulary for the New Year activities:</b></p> <p>(1). Show some New Year vocabulary pictures and ask students to guess the word for each picture.</p> <p><b>B. Talking about the New Year traditions in Taiwan &amp; other countries:</b></p> <p>Q1: What do we do to celebrate Chinese New Year?</p> <p>Q2: How do other countries celebrate the New Year?</p> <p><b>C. Activity: “Guess Which Country It Is.”</b></p> <p>(1). Describe a New Year tradition in a country and have students guess which country it is.</p> <p><b>2. Presentation &amp; Practice:</b></p> <p><b>A. New Year celebrations (traditions) around the world:</b></p> <p>(1). Introduce the different ways of celebrating the New Year: Australia, New Zealand, China, Antarctica, the USA, Scotland,</p>	<p>10 mins</p> <p>25 mins</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">學習單</p>

<p>Germany, Japan, Thailand, Argentina, Greece, Spain, and South Africa.</p> <p>(2). Show pictures of each celebration and briefly explain the traditions.</p> <p><b>B. Keywords for describing the celebrations in each country.</b></p> <p>(1). Students practice using the keywords based on the information provided.</p> <p><b>3. Wrap-up:</b></p> <p><b>A. Review quiz activity:</b> Students answer questions about New Year traditions in different countries.</p> <p><b>B. Homework assignment:</b></p> <p>(1). Students finish the review worksheet.</p> <p>(2). One representative from each team gives a presentation, sharing the research findings and perspectives on the meaning and background of the New Year of the selected country:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Students select a country or region of interest to research its New Year celebrations.</li> <li>b. Students use library resources, online sources, and other references to gather information about the chosen New Year celebrations.</li> <li>c. Students organize the gathered information and prepare a presentation that includes the background of New Year celebrations, traditional activities, significant food items, etc.</li> <li>d. Students deliver their presentations, showcasing their research findings and presentation skills.</li> </ol>	10 mins	口說問答
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>第三節</b></p> <p><b>New Year Traditions Around the World: Student Presentations</b></p> <p><b>1. Warm-up:</b> Explain the presentation rubric and procedure.</p> <p>(1). Presentation Evaluation: Assess students' presentation skills, organizational structure, accuracy of information, and persuasiveness during their presentations.</p> <p>(2). Student Research Report: Students submit a report about the New Year celebrations they researched, including relevant data and references.</p>	5 mins	

<p><b>2. Student Presentations:</b></p> <p>(1). Students select a country or region of interest to research its New Year celebrations.</p> <p>(2). Students use library resources, online sources, and other references to gather information about the chosen New Year celebrations.</p> <p>(3). Students organize the gathered information and prepare a presentation that includes the background of the New Year celebrations, traditional activities, significant food items, etc.</p> <p>(4). Students deliver their presentations, showcasing their research findings and presentation skills.</p>	35 mins	上台報告分享
<p><b>3. Wrap-up and Feedback:</b></p> <p>Teacher gives feedback to the students giving the presentations.</p>	5 mins	

### 教學心得 (300 字內)

這個課程設計旨在培養學生的研究、組織和表達能力，通過研究世界各地的新年節慶方式。我發現學生對不同文化的新年傳統表現出極大興趣和積極參與的態度。他們在研究過程中提高了資料搜集和整理的的能力，並學會了有效運用圖書館、網絡資源和其他參考資料。這樣的研究過程豐富了他們的知識面，培養了資訊搜索和分析能力。同時，學生在整理資料並準備發表時展現出組織能力，提升了邏輯思維和表達能力。他們在上台發表中展示了研究成果，以清晰、流暢的語言將資訊傳達給觀眾。這個經驗增強了他們的表達能力和自信心，並提高了溝通和互動能力。總的來說，這個課程設計培養了學生的主動參與精神，開拓了他們對不同文化的尊重和理解。同時，學生獲得了寶貴的研究、組織和表達技能，對他們的學習和職業發展有積極影響。這是一個啟發性和豐富多彩的學習經驗，我對學生們的參與和努力感到非常欣慰。

### 教學設備／資源：

● 參考資料：

- 一、<https://www.glamour.com/story/new-years-eve-day-traditions>
- 二、<https://www.usnews.com/news/best-countries/articles/2017-12-22/7-international-traditions-for-a-lucky-new-years>
- 三、Twinkl\_New Year Celebrations Around the World

附錄：

- 一、上課 PPT
- 二、學習單、Presentation Guidelines、PPT Rubric
- 三、上課照片
- 四、學生作品 (PPT)

## 附錄一、上課 PPT

### 第二節 PPT 為範例

#### New Year Celebrations around the World









**How do other countries  
celebrate New Year?**



**Which Country is it?**

## Which country is it?

This is one of the first countries in the world to welcome in the new year on December 31st.

**Sydney** has the biggest celebration in the country with a huge fireworks display over the Sydney Opera House and Sydney Harbour Bridge.



Australia

## Which country is it?

New Year is one of the most important holidays in this country. Houses and cities are decorated with **red decorations**, such as **lanterns**. At midnight, fireworks are launched in celebration and toward off evil.



China

## Which country is it?

New Year's Eve on December 31st is the most celebrated day of the year in this country. **Fir trees** are decorated and lights are displayed. Fireworks are launched after the big bell has rung twelve times for midnight. In **Saint Petersburg**, people also light lanterns.



Russia

## Which country is it?

**Times Square in New York** is one of the most famous New Year's Eve locations in the world. It is home to the famous "ball" - a large ball made of crystals and lights. Each year, almost a million people go to Times Square in New York for New Year's Eve.



The USA

## Which country is it?

**Hogmanay** is one of the biggest New Year's Eve celebrations in the world. **Edinburgh Castle** is where many New Year's Eve festivities take place. There are street concerts and dancing leading up to a big fireworks display at midnight.



Scotland

## Which country is it?

New Year's (Shogatsu) is the most important holiday for this country. Traditionally, people **visit a shrine or temple around midnight** and **a bell will ring repeatedly** to signal the ringing in of the new year on December 31st.



Japan

# New Year's Eve

Due to different beliefs, calendars and time zones across the world, not every country celebrates New Year's Eve on the same day or at the same time.

Some calendars are based around religious beliefs, others on the lunar, solar or lunisolar cycles.



Some countries celebrate New Year's Day on the same date each year. Others don't, having a range of dates it can occur on.

Generally, whenever New Year's Eve does take place, it is accompanied by some sort of celebration, unique to each country.

Let's take a look →

New year is the day and time when one calendar year finishes and a new one begins. Countries all around the world celebrate the new year with unique traditions and festivities.

Many countries and cultures celebrate the new year on 31st December (New Year's Eve) and continue the celebrations into 1st January (New Year's Day).

This follows the **Gregorian calendar year**. The Gregorian calendar is a solar calendar and is focused on the time it takes for the Earth to orbit **the sun**.

Some countries and cultures celebrate the new year at a different time of the year. These celebrations are often focused on **a lunar calendar**, which can cause the date of the new year to change each year, such as Chinese New Year. The lunar calendar is driven by the monthly phases of **the moon**.



## New Year Celebrations in Australia

Celebrated on 31st December (New Year's Eve) and 1st January (New Year's Day)

Due to the different time zones around the world, each country welcomes the new year at a different time. Kiribati, Christmas Island, New Zealand and Australia are among the first countries to enter the new year.

As Australia celebrates the new year during summer, many traditions and festivities are outside and often involve the beach or pool. Families and friends gather together to celebrate the new year. People come together at houses, public events with live entertainment, picnics in parks and out on boats.



Traditionally, locations all around Australia have fireworks displays at midnight on New Year's Eve. Sydney has the largest firework display that takes place over the Sydney Harbour Bridge, Sydney Opera House and Darling Harbour. Recently, there have been discussions about using drones to create light displays as an alternative to fireworks.

Just before midnight, people count down from 10 and then the fireworks go off. Everyone cheers and says to their friends and family, 'Happy New Year!'

## New Year Celebrations in Australia



New Year's Day on 1st January is often seen as a fresh start.

New Year's Day is a public holiday for Australia and celebrations continue with seeing friends and family, being outdoors and enjoying lots of food.

Traditionally in Australia, people will make New Year resolutions on New Year's Day.

Resolutions are personal goals that you work on throughout the year. These resolutions might be a new interest you want to pursue, a change for you to grow personally or anything that is important to you.

Have you made a New Year resolution?



Other countries celebrate the new year in a similar way to Australia with fireworks, parties and resolutions.

Let's take a look at how other countries and cultures celebrate the new year.

## New Year Celebrations in New Zealand

Celebrated on 31st December (New Year's Eve) and 1st January (New Year's Day)

Along with Kiribati and Christmas Island, **New Zealand is among the first in the world to celebrate the new year.**

Many of New Zealand's New Year celebrations are held outside under the sky and can go for several days.

Traditionally in New Zealand, it is a time to let go of all troubles and worries and set positive goals and resolutions for the future year ahead.

The traditional people of New Zealand are called **Maori**. They celebrate their new year **in June or July**, depending on the lunar (moon) calendar, with food, dancing, music and stories.



"Ahi Kā (8)" by Kristina D.C. Hoepfner is licensed under CC BY SA 2.0.

## New Year Celebrations in China

Celebrated in January or February, depending on the lunar (moon) calendar

China's New Year celebrations do not occur at the same time as Australia. The date of Chinese New Year is based on a **lunar (moon) calendar** and **takes place on the second new moon after the winter solstice**. Chinese New Year is **a 15 day festival with many traditions**.



Traditionally, Chinese New Year activities can include:

- **cleaning the house** to symbolise removing bad luck and making room to receive good luck
- putting up red decorations around the house to symbolise future success
- a **reunion dinner** with extended family on New Year's Eve with lucky dishes such as fish and dumplings
- **fireworks** displays to ward off evil
- gift giving, in particular gifts of **red envelopes** containing money
- lion and dragon dances at festivals

Each Chinese year is associated with one of the 12 animal signs of the Chinese zodiac calendar.

## New Year Celebrations in Antarctica

Celebrated on 31st December (New Year's Eve) and 1st January (New Year's Day)

There are no humans who permanently live on Antarctica but there are many scientists and tourists who spend time in Antarctica throughout the year.

The new year in Antarctica occurs **during summer**. During this time, **the sun nearly never sets**. This is called the '**Midnight Sun**', which occurs at both the North Pole and South Pole due to the tilt of the Earth's axis.



Many tourists book cruises to visit Antarctica and this is popular over New Year's Eve. Cruise ships will host their own New Year events with parties and celebrations.

**Scientists** from all over the world come to work in Antarctica and many bring their own traditions to share with each other during special events like New Year's Eve.



# New Year Celebrations in the U.S.A.

Celebrated on 31st December (New Year's Eve) and 1st January (New Year's Day)

Throughout the U.S.A., many celebrations and events are held to welcome in the new year.

**Times Square** in New York is one of the most famous locations for New Year's Eve celebrations in the world. People gather for live music and performances before they watch the 'Ball Drop'. A large and brightly lit ball sits high in the sky and slowly lowers down during the minute before midnight, counting down to the new year.

Many Americans will gather on New Year's Day to watch **the Rose Bowl game of American Football**.



## the Ball Drop



[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IREdXw\\_\\_8BM](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IREdXw__8BM)

# New Year Celebrations in Scotland

Celebrated on 31st December (New Year's Eve) and 1st January (New Year's Day)

Scotland have one of the biggest New Year celebrations, known as **Hogmanay**. Hogmanay means **the last day of the old year**. Traditionally, it is celebrated with lots of food, dancing, gift giving and visiting family and friends. Many Hogmanay celebrations are held around **Edinburgh Castle**.

At midnight on New Year's Eve, people will cross their arms over their bodies and join hands with the people standing next to them to sing a special song called '**Auld Lang Syne**'. This is an old Scottish song that is a way of saying 'days gone by'.



In Scotland, an old tradition called **first footing** is practiced. It is believed that **the first person who enters your home after midnight will bring all the luck for the coming year**. This person is called the '**first-footer**' and symbolises good luck bringing gifts of coal, bread, money or greenery.

"EdinburghNYE" by Robbie Shade is licensed under CC BY 2.

## Auld Lang Syne



[For Auld Lang Syne — Lyric Video | Apple TV+ - YouTube](#)

# New Year Celebrations in Germany

Celebrated on 31st December (New Year's Eve) and 1st January (New Year's Day)

The German New Year's Eve is also known as **Silvester**, named in honor of Pope Silvester who died on 31st December 335.

There **aren't** any official events organized for fireworks on New Year's Eve in Germany. Instead, fireworks become available to buy and for groups of people to safely create their own.

Traditionally, German people would **melt down small pieces of lead or tin and then quickly place it into a bowl of water**. The metal solidifies in the water and predictions are made based on the shape about what the year ahead holds for you.



## lead pouring



# New Year Celebrations in Japan

Celebrated on 31st December (New Year's Eve) and 1st January (New Year's Day)

**Ōmisoka** is the Japanese term for New Year's Eve.

Japanese people complete **a big clean up of their house** in the lead up to New Year's Eve. It is believed that this will help you start the new year with a fresh mind.

Traditionally, it is not common to see fireworks at midnight, instead **bells will play for about 1-2 hours as a Buddhist tradition**. The bells are struck **108 times** as it is a sacred number.



A **shimekazari** is a wreath made of straw rope, paper strips, bitter oranges and fern leaves. Japanese people will make these and hang them on their doors **to ward off evil spirits**.

## shimekazari



## New Year Celebrations in Thailand

Songkran begins on **April 13th** each year

New year in Thailand is known as **Songkran** or the 'Water Festival'.

Songkran is focused on moving forward. The splashing of water symbolizes **the previous year washing away and getting ready for a new one.**

During the **three days** of the festival, it is traditional to **deep clean houses, schools, offices and other spaces.** It is also common to **visit monks** at temples to listen to them preach and bring offerings including food. In families, **water is poured over elders' hands and shoulders as they recite blessings and good wishes for the new year.**

Often the streets are filled with water fights as people use buckets and squirt guns to splash each other, washing away any sorrows of the previous year.



\*Songkran 012\* by Takeaway is licensed under CC BY 3.0

## New Year Celebrations in Argentina

Celebrated on **31st December (New Year's Eve)** and **1st January (New Year's Day)**

While many people in Argentina will celebrate the new year with friends and family, good food and fireworks, there are some traditions that many still complete.

People run around the house with a **suitcase in hand**, believing that it will bring more travelling in the coming year.

On the first dawn of the new year, many people will **go to church to offer prayers for happiness, peace and prosperity in the new year.**



# New Year Celebrations in Greece

Celebrated on 31st December (New Year's Eve) and 1st January (New Year's Day)

In Greece, it is believed that you will have good luck in the coming year if you receive a gift on the first day of the new year.

Similar to first footing in Scotland, the tradition of good footing happens in Greece. At midnight on New Year's Eve, families will turn all the lights off and go outside. One person who is considered lucky will enter the house with their right foot first to bring good luck for the following year.

Traditionally, a **Vasilopita cake** is made for the new year with a coin hidden inside. The person who receives the slice with the coin is considered lucky and may receive a small gift.

On New Year's Eve in Greece, you will likely see **onions** hanging on people's front doors. Onions symbolize growth and it is believed that hanging them on the door will bring growth in the new year.

\*Greek Olympic Spectacular\* by Epic Fireworks is licensed under CC BY 2.0.



## Vasilopita cake

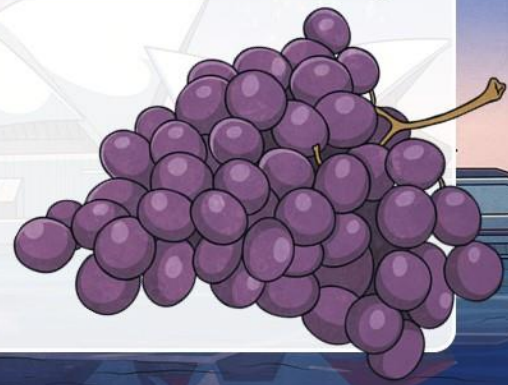


## New Year Celebrations in Spain

Celebrated on 31st December (New Year's Eve) and 1st January (New Year's Day)

In Spain, New Year's Eve is known as **Noche Vieja**, which means **old night**.

As the countdown to midnight begins, people will try to eat **12 grapes** in a race against the clock to swallow all of them before midnight. Each grape represents a month of good luck in the new year.



## New Year Celebrations in South Africa

Celebrated on 31st December (New Year's Eve) and 1st January (New Year's Day)

South Africa is filled with **all-night parties** to celebrate the new year.

**Cape Town** holds a New Year Carnival with groups singing, dancing and wearing **bright clothes and face paint**.

There used to be a tradition of **throwing old furniture out of the windows** to symbolise a fresh start. **This has been restricted as many people were getting injured from falling furniture.**



## New Year Celebrations Around the World

The new year is celebrated around the world, however each country and culture has its own traditions, festivals and events.

There are similarities such as spending time with family and friends and fireworks but there are also many differences making each country and culture unique.

## Quiz

1. New Year celebrations in Scotland are called Hogmanay. What does Hogmanay mean?



A

Happy New Year!



B

The first day of the new year



C

The last day of the old year



D

Day of celebration for the new year



# 附錄二、學習單、Presentation Guidelines、PPT Rubric

## 學習單 1





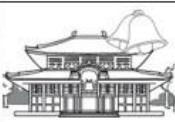

New Year's Traditions Around the World		Name:	Class:
Country	Special Traditions	Famous Places or Others	When?
Australia	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>As Australia celebrates the new year during _____, many traditions and festivities are outside and often involve the _____ or pool.</li> <li>Traditionally in Australia, people will make New Year _____ on New Year's Day.</li> </ul>	Sydney has the largest firework display that takes place over the _____, Sydney Opera House and Darling Harbor.	Celebrated on 31st December (New Year's Eve) and 1st January (New Year's Day)
_____	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Along with <u>Kiribati</u> and <u>Christmas Island</u>, New Zealand is among the _____ in the world to celebrate the new year.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The traditional people of New Zealand are called _____.</li> <li>They celebrate their new year in _____ or _____, depending on the lunar (moon) calendar, with food, dancing, music and stories.</li> </ul>	
China	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Chinese New Year is a _____ day festival with many traditions.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>_____ to symbolise removing bad luck and making room to receive good luck</li> <li>a _____ with extended family on New Year's Eve with lucky dishes such as fish and dumplings</li> <li>gift giving, in particular gifts of _____ containing money</li> </ul>	The date of Chinese New Year is based on a _____ (moon) calendar and takes place on the second new moon after the winter solstice.
_____	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The new year in Antarctica occurs during _____. During this time, the sun nearly never sets. This is called the '_____', which occurs at both the North Pole and South Pole due to the tilt of the Earth's axis.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>_____ from all over the world come to work in Antarctica and many bring their own traditions to share with each other during special events like New Year's Eve.</li> </ul>	Celebrated on 31st December (New Year's Eve) and 1st January (New Year's Day)
_____	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Many Americans will gather on New Year's Day to watch the _____ game of American _____.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>_____ in New York is one of the most famous locations for New Year's Eve celebrations in the world. People gather for live music and performances before they watch the '_____'. A large and brightly lit ball sits high in the sky and slowly lowers down during the minute before midnight, counting down to the new year.</li> </ul>	
_____	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Scotland have one of the biggest New Year celebrations, known as _____. It means the last day of the old year.</li> <li>At midnight on New Year's Eve, people will cross</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Many Hogmanay celebrations are held around _____ Castle.</li> <li>In Scotland, an old tradition called _____ is practiced. It is believed that <u>the first person who enters your</u></li> </ul>	
_____	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>their arms over their bodies and join hands with the people standing next to them to sing a special song called '_____'. This is an old Scottish song that is a way of saying 'days gone by'.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><u>home after midnight will bring all the luck for the coming year.</u> This person is called the '_____ ' and symbolises good luck bringing gifts of coal, bread, money or greenery.</li> </ul>	Celebrated on 31st December (New Year's Eve) and 1st January (New Year's Day)
_____	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The German New Year's Eve is also known as _____, named in honor of Pope Silvester who died on 31st December 335.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Traditionally, German people would melt down small pieces of lead or tin and then quickly place it into a bowl of water.</li> </ul>	
_____	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>_____ is the Japanese term for New Year's Eve.</li> <li>Traditionally, it is not common to see fireworks at midnight, instead bells will play for about _____ hours as a Buddhist tradition. The bells are struck _____ times as it is a sacred number.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A _____ is a wreath made of straw rope, paper strips, bitter oranges and fern leaves. Japanese people will make these and hang them on their doors to ward off evil spirits.</li> </ul>	
_____	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>New year in Thailand is known as _____ or the 'Water Festival'.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>During the _____ days of the festival, it is traditional to <u>deep clean houses, schools, offices and other spaces.</u> It is also common to <u>visit monks at temples</u> to listen to them preach and bring offerings including food. In families, water is poured over elders' _____ and _____ as they recite blessings and good wishes for the new year.</li> </ul>	Songkran begins on _____ each year
_____	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>People run around the house with a _____ in hand, believing that it will bring more travelling in the coming year.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>On the first dawn of the new year, many people will go to _____ to offer prayers for happiness, peace and prosperity in the new year.</li> </ul>	
_____	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Traditionally, a _____ cake is made for the new year with a coin hidden inside</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>On New Year's Eve in Greece, you will likely see _____ hanging on people's front doors. Onions symbolize growth and it is believed that hanging them on the door will bring growth in the new year.</li> </ul>	Celebrated on 31st December (New Year's Eve) and 1st January (New Year's Day)
_____	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In Spain, New Year's Eve is known as <b>Noche Vieja</b>, which means _____.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>As the countdown to midnight begins, people will try to eat _____ in a race against the clock to swallow all of them before midnight. Each grape represents a month of good luck in the new year.</li> </ul>	
_____	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>There used to be a tradition of <b>throwing old</b> _____ out of the windows to symbolise a fresh start. This has been <b>restricted</b>.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>_____ holds a New Year Carnival with groups singing, dancing and wearing bright clothes and _____.</li> </ul>	

# 學習單 2

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Class: \_\_\_\_\_

## New Year's Eve Around the World

					
This is one of the first countries in the world to welcome in the new year on December 31 <sup>st</sup> . Sydney has the biggest celebration in the country with huge fireworks display over the Sydney Opera House and Sydney Harbor Bridge.	Times Square in New York is one of the most famous New Year's Eve locations in the world. It is home to the famous "ball" - a large ball made of crystals and lights. Each year, almost a million people go to Times Square in New York for New Year's Eve.	New Year is one of the most important holidays in this country. Houses and cities are decorated with red decorations, such as lanterns. At midnight, fireworks are launched in celebration and to ward off evil.	Hogmanay is one of the biggest New Year's Eve celebrations in the world. Edinburgh Castle is where many New Year's Eve festivities take place. There are street concerts and dancing leading up to big fireworks display at midnight.	New Year's (Shogatsu) is the most important holiday for this country. Traditionally, people visit a shrine or temple around midnight and a bell will ring repeatedly to signal the ringing in of the new year on December 31 <sup>st</sup> .	New Year's Eve on December 31 <sup>st</sup> is the most celebrated day of the year in this country. Fir trees are decorated and lights are displayed. Fireworks are launched after the big bell has rung twelve times for midnight. In Saint Petersburg, people also light lanterns.
Country: _____	Country: _____	Country: _____	Country: _____	Country: _____	Country: _____

**United States**

**Australia**

**China**

**Scotland**

**Russia**

**Japan**

## PPT Rubric and Speaking Presentation Guidelines

Adapted from Teacher Planet

### "New Year Traditions Around the World"

#### Speaking Presentation Guidelines

	5	4	3	2	1
<b>Content</b>	Content is accurate and all required information is presented in a logical order.	Content is accurate but some required information is missing and/or not presented in a logical order, but is still generally easy to follow.	Content is accurate but some required information is missing and/or not presented in a logical order, making it difficult to follow.	Content is questionable. Information is not presented in a logical order, making it difficult to follow.	Content is inaccurate. Information is not presented in a logical order, making it difficult to follow.
<b>Slide Creation</b>	Presentation flows well and logically. Presentation reflects extensive use of tools in a creative way.	Presentation flows well. Tools are used correctly. Overall presentation is interesting.	Presentation flows well. Some tools are used to show acceptable understanding.	Presentation is unorganized. Tools are not used in a relevant manner.	Presentation has no flow. No tools used.
<b>Slide Transitions</b>	Transitions are smooth. Transitions enhance the presentation.	Smooth transitions are used on most slides.	Smooth transitions are used on some slides.	Very few transitions are used and/or they distract from the presentation.	No transitions are used.
<b>Pictures, Clip Art Background</b>	Images are appropriate. Layout is pleasing to the eye.	Images are appropriate. Layout is cluttered.	Most images are appropriate.	Images are inappropriate.	No images.
<b>Mechanics</b>	No spelling errors. No grammar errors. Text is in authors' own words.	Few spelling errors. Few grammar errors. Text is in authors' own words.	Some spelling errors. Some grammar errors. Text is in authors' own words.	Some spelling errors. Some grammar errors. Most of text is in authors' own words.	Many spelling and or grammar errors. Text is copied.
<b>Presentation Skills</b>	Well rehearsed. No pronunciation errors or other mistakes.	General level of rehearsal. Few pronunciation errors or other mistakes.	Acceptable level of rehearsal. Some pronunciation errors or other mistakes.	Low level of rehearsal. Numerous pronunciation errors or other mistakes.	No rehearsal indicated. Too many pronunciation errors or other mistakes.

- Choose one country and introduce its New Year traditions  
Ex. Australia, New Zealand, China, Antarctica, the USA, Scotland, Germany, Japan, Thailand, Argentina, Greece, Spain, and South Africa.  
You need to choose one country out of the list given in the prompt and introduce its New Year traditions. You can research and gather information about the different New Year traditions followed in that country and select the ones that you find most interesting and unique.
- PPT Contents:  
Your presentation should have the following contents:  
**A. Country's main background:**  
You should provide some information about the country you have chosen, such as its location, population, language, culture, and history. This will help your audience to understand the context of the New Year traditions you will be discussing.  
**B. New Year Traditions:**  
This is the main part of your presentation, where you will discuss the different New Year traditions followed in the country you have chosen. You should explain the significance of these traditions, how they are celebrated, and what they represent. You can also include some pictures or videos to make your presentation more engaging.  
**C. Favorite parts of its traditions:**  
You can share your personal favorite parts of the New Year traditions you have discussed. You should explain why you like them and how they relate to your own culture and beliefs.  
**D. Why do you think its traditions are special or unique?**  
In this part of your presentation, you should explain why you think the New Year traditions of the country you have chosen are special or unique. You can compare and contrast them with the New Year traditions of your own culture or other countries you have researched. You should also reflect on what you have learned from researching and presenting about these traditions.
- Please upload your PPT, PDF file, or links to the google classroom before April 7<sup>th</sup> (Fri.)
- The class presentation will be on April 12-13<sup>th</sup>.

#### 學術诚信原則小提醒

NOTE: To avoid plagiarism, make sure to:

- Use your own words and ideas to present information.
- Give credit to your sources by citing them properly in your presentation.
- Use quotation marks when directly quoting someone else's words.
- Paraphrase carefully, ensuring that you are not simply rewording someone else's ideas without changing the meaning.

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

Subject \_\_\_\_\_ Score \_\_\_\_\_

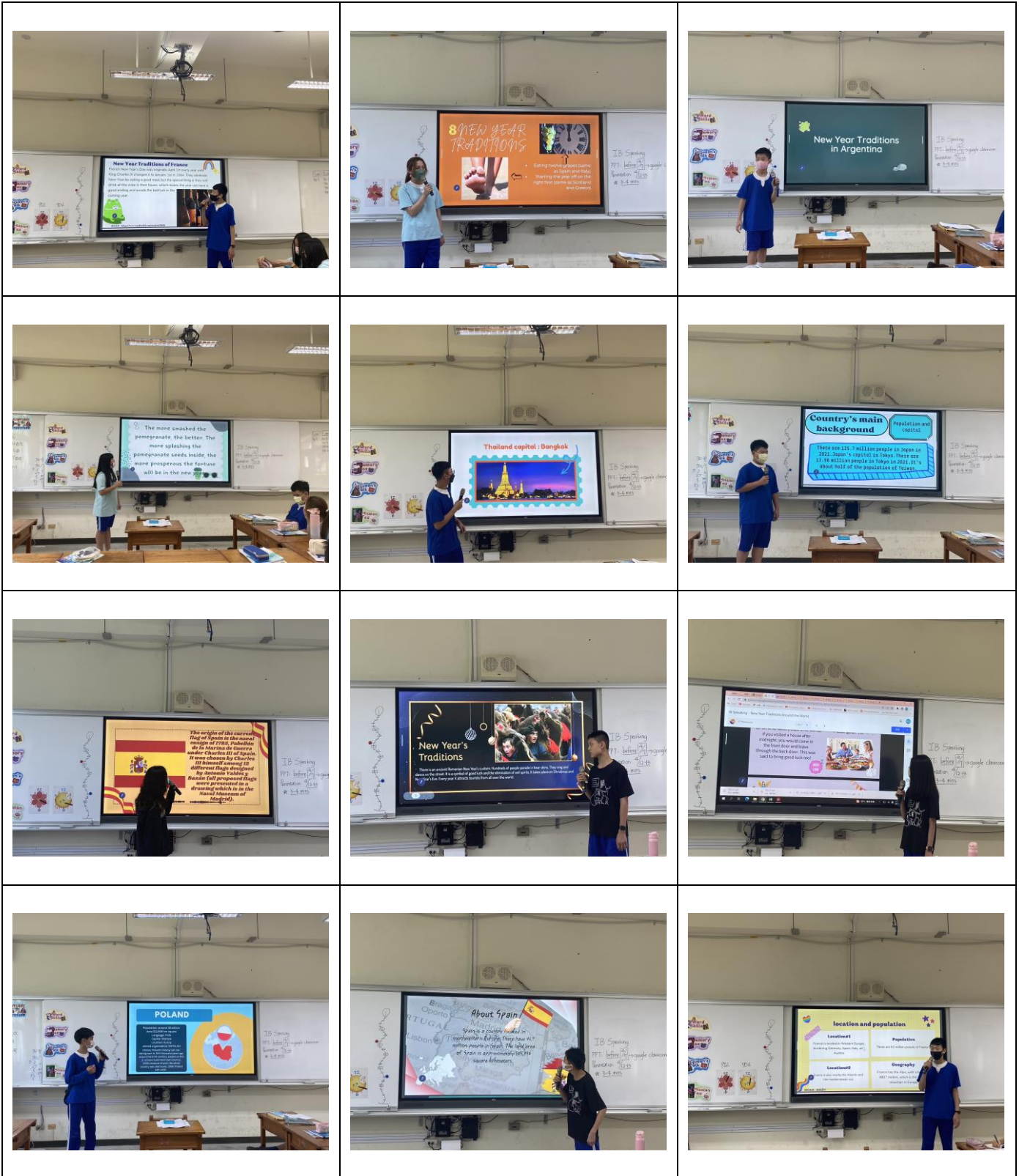
Score/Grade: 6 to 7-10 10 to 11-30 14 to 15-50 18 to 20-70 24 to 27-90  
8 to 9-20 12 to 13-40 16 to 17-60 21 to 23-80 28 to 30-100

### 附錄三、上課照片

上課實況：



學生上台發表：



# 附錄四、學生作品(PPT)








# New Year Traditions in the USA

# New Year Traditions in Ireland

<p>How Does Ireland celebrate their New Year ?</p> <p>©2023 Vanessa</p> 	<p><b>Information</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Country: Ireland</li> <li>Capital city: Dublin</li> <li>Population: 5,087,356</li> <li>Irish language: English and Gaeilge</li> <li>New Year date: 12/31 <b>DECEMBER</b></li> </ul>  	<p><b>Information</b></p>  	<p><b>New Year Tradition</b></p> <p>1. A clean house</p>  
<p><b>New Year Tradition</b></p> <p>2. First footing</p> <p>If the first person through the door was a dark haired man with the gift for the household- usually a silver coin, food and a drink (usually whiskey). This guaranteed the household would have plenty of luck and good fortune this year.</p>   	<p><b>New Year Tradition</b></p> <p>2. First footing</p> <p>People with red hair, especially women, need not even try it as they were seen to bring bad fortune. This is still practiced in Ireland.</p> 	<p><b>New Year Tradition</b></p> <p>3. In the door, out the other</p> <p>If you visited a house after midnight, you would come in the front door and leave through the back door. This was said to bring good luck too!</p> <p>4. Eat your fill</p>  	<p><b>New Year Tradition</b></p> <p>5. Knocking the bread</p> <p>They bake bread on New Year's Eve and give it three knocks on the door of the house while the woman of the house pray. This chases bad luck out of the house, and good luck will come in.</p> <p>6. Extra seats for the dead</p> <p>People will add more seats for the dead of this year and tell stories about the dead person. The door will not be locked, so their spirit could go any places.</p>
<p><b>New Year Tradition</b></p> <p>7. Mistletoe under the pillow</p> <p>Single women and girls would sleep with mistletoe under their pillows so they could dream of their future husband.</p>  	<p><b>3 Favorite part of Ireland's tradition</b></p> <p>The most interesting for me is 'knock the bread', this tradition show their own culture and I think it's very cool because they will knock the bread three times while the woman of this house is praying, they will finish the bread after this activity, they are not wasting food.</p> 	<p><b>Source</b></p> <p><a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Irish_language">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Irish_language</a>  <a href="https://www.britannica.com/place/Ireland">https://www.britannica.com/place/Ireland</a>  <a href="https://www.contexttravel.com/cities/dublin">https://www.contexttravel.com/cities/dublin</a>  <a href="https://www.insider.com/how-to-get-to-dublin-ireland">https://www.insider.com/how-to-get-to-dublin-ireland</a>  <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ireland">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ireland</a>  <a href="https://www.derryjournal.com/news/people/7-irish-new-year-traditions-to-bring-good-luck-to-derry-households-in-2023-3969765">https://www.derryjournal.com/news/people/7-irish-new-year-traditions-to-bring-good-luck-to-derry-households-in-2023-3969765</a>  <a href="https://www.timeanddate.com/holidays/ireland/new-year-eve">https://www.timeanddate.com/holidays/ireland/new-year-eve</a>  <a href="https://fabulouscleaningservices.com/">https://fabulouscleaningservices.com/</a>  <a href="https://www.safefood.net/family-health/eating-as-family">https://www.safefood.net/family-health/eating-as-family</a></p>	<p>Thank you for listening</p> 

# New Year Traditions in Poland

<p><b>NEW YEAR TRADITIONS AROUND THE WORLD</b></p> <p>BY JIMMY</p> 	<p><b>POLAND</b></p> <p>Population: around 38 million          Area: 312,696 km square          Language: Polish          Capital: Warsaw          Location: Europe</p> <p>Joined organization: NATO, EU          History: Poland's history can be dated back to 900 thousand years ago, around the 10th century people in this land have build their own country. 10th. Because of this, the entire country was destroyed, 1989, Poland was born.</p> 	<p><b>NEW YEAR TRADITIONS</b></p> <p>Time: 12/31-1/1 Name: 12/31-Sylwester, 1/1-Nowy Rok</p> <p><b>1. Pay bills</b></p> <p>Polish will pay all bills before 12/31, so there will no financial problem and there will be good popularity next year.</p> 	<p><b>NEW YEAR TRADITIONS</b></p> <p><b>WRITE YOUR PROBLEM ON A PAPER AND BURN IT</b></p> <p>You can write your all problems and burn it. Fire may help you burn down all your bad memories.</p> 
<p><b>NEW YEAR TRADITIONS</b></p> <p><b>CLEAN HOUSES</b></p> <p>People will throw trash and buy new furniture and things before 12/31. Polish think it can have a new changed!</p> <p>But don't clean home even wash dishes or throw trash, or good luck will be wiped out. Also new year cannot work, otherwise this year will be a busy year</p> 	<p><b>NEW YEAR TRADITIONS</b></p> <p><b>FILL THE FRIDGE</b></p> <p>On this day, the refrigerator must be filled with food and the money in the wallet must be full! A Polish proverb says: What kind of New Year's Eve, there is a year!</p> 	<p><b>NEW YEAR TRADITIONS</b></p> <p><b>MAKE SOME NOICE</b></p> <p>In the past Slavic people believe noise can was able to scare off evil. But now, people use fireworks or firecracker, it's louder then others!</p> 	<p><b>MY FAVORITE</b></p> <p><b>CLEAN HOUSES</b></p> <p>My favorites is cleaning the house, because it more like our culture and it's easiest thing can do before the new year.</p> 
<p><b>REFLECTION</b></p> <p>Polish new year tradition some of it are similar to our Chinese culture, like wash house, make some noise. And also I learned different countries have different ways to celebrate their own new year.</p> 	<p><b>THANK YOU!</b></p> 